

---

# Access PDF Troop Density In Contingency Operations

---

Thank you very much for downloading **Troop Density In Contingency Operations**. As you may know, people have search numerous times for their chosen novels like this Troop Density In Contingency Operations, but end up in infectious downloads. Rather than enjoying a good book with a cup of tea in the afternoon, instead they cope with some harmful virus inside their laptop.

Troop Density In Contingency Operations is available in our digital library an online access to it is set as public so you can get it instantly.

Our book servers spans in multiple countries, allowing you to get the most less latency time to download any of our books like this one.

Merely said, the Troop Density In Contingency Operations is universally compatible with any devices to read

---

**KEY=CONTINGENCY - ASHLEY RUSH**

---

---

**BOOTS ON THE GROUND**

---

---

**TROOP DENSITY IN CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS**

---

Government Printing Office **This paper clearly shows the immediate relevancy of historical study to current events. One of the most common criticisms of the U.S. plan to invade Iraq in 2003 is that too few troops were used. The argument often fails to satisfy anyone for there is no standard against which to judge. A figure of 20 troops per 1000 of the local population is often mentioned as the standard, but as McGrath shows, that figure was arrived at with some questionable assumptions. By analyzing seven military operations from the last 100 years, he arrives at an average number of military forces per 1000 of the population that have been employed in what would generally be considered successful military campaigns. He also points out a variety of important factors affecting those numbers-from geography to local forces employed to supplement soldiers on the battlefield, to the use of contractors-among others.**

---

**BOOTS ON THE GROUND: TROOP DENSITY IN CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS**

---

---

## **GLOBAL WAR ON TERRORISM OCCASIONAL PAPER 16**

---

[CreateSpace](#) This Global War on Terrorism Occasional Paper (GWOT OP), by Dr. Lawrence Yates, provides his thoughts and analysis of the US Army's participation in stability operations (SO) since 1789. Dr. Yates, a member of the CSI Team since 1981, has spent twenty plus years intensely studying this aspect of Army operations. Prior to his retirement in 2005, CSI asked him to put in writing his impressions formed by his research in this field. The result is this monograph. Dr. Yates makes several key arguments about the Army's involvement in SO. Among the key points he makes is his contention that the Army has an institutional habit of forgetting the lesson learned about SO, when, after conducting a stability operation, it returns to conventional warfare preparation. He also point out, correctly, that the Army, which has participated in far more SO-type activities sine 1789 than it has conventional wars, has hitherto retained a mindset that stability operations are an anomaly rather than the norm in American military operations. It is our hope that this GWOT OP will be of great value in providing the military professional with a broad overview of the history of the US Army's participation in stability operations, and at least one historian's view on how well it performed. Some may disagree with Dr. Yates' views on specific aspects of his analysis; that is well and good. If this GWOT OP stimulates a vigorous debate, Dr. Yates' study will have achieved its purpose.~

---

## **SCOUTS OUT! THE DEVELOPMENT OF RECONNAISSANCE UNITS IN MODERN ARMIES**

---

[CreateSpace](#) The Combat Studies Institute is pleased to present Scouts Out! The Development of Reconnaissance Units in Modern Armies by CSI historian John J. McGrath. Scouts Out is a wide-ranging historical survey of the theory, doctrine, organization, and employment of reconnaissance units since the era of mechanization in the early 20th century. Reconnaissance and counterreconnaissance are battlefield missions as old as military history itself and missions for which many armies have created specialized units to perform. In most cases, these units were trained, equipped, and used differently from the majority of an army's fighting units. Horse cavalry performed these missions for centuries, for it had speed and mobility far in excess of main battle units. Once the horse was replaced by mechanization, however, the mobility advantage once enjoyed by the horse cavalry disappeared. Since the early 20th century, the search for the proper mix of equipment, the proper organization, and the proper employment of reconnaissance units has bedeviled armies around the world. This survey uses a diverse variety of historical cases to illustrate the enduring issues that surround the equipping, organizing, and employment of reconnaissance units. It seems that these specialized units are either too heavily or too lightly equipped and too narrowly specialized or too

conventionally organized. Prewar reconnaissance doctrines tend to undergo significant change once fighting begins, leading to postconflict analysis that reconnaissance units were "misused" in one way or another. McGrath ends his study with an intriguing conclusion about the role that specialized reconnaissance units should have in the future that may surprise many readers. Scouts Out is a thought-provoking historical study that we believe will contribute to the Army's current and future transformation efforts.

---

---

### **OTHER END OF THE SPEAR**

---

---

---

---

### **THE TOOTH-TO-TAIL RATIO IN MODERN MILITARY OPERATIONS**

---

---

[Lulu.com](http://Lulu.com)

---

---

### **DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE DICTIONARY OF MILITARY AND ASSOCIATED TERMS**

---

---

---

---

### **ARMOR**

---

---

---

---

### **MILITARY LAW REVIEW**

---

---

---

---

### **SCOUTS OUT! THE DEVELOPMENT OF RECONNAISSANCE UNITS IN MODERN ARMIES [ILLUSTRATED EDITION]**

---

---

[Pickle Partners Publishing](http://PicklePartnersPublishing) **Illustrated with 60 maps, plans and diagrams** Reconnaissance and counter-reconnaissance are battlefield missions as old as military history itself and missions for which many armies have created specialized units to perform. In most cases, these units were trained, equipped, and used differently from the majority of an army's fighting units. Horse cavalry performed these missions for centuries, for it had speed and mobility far in excess of main battle units. Once the horse was replaced by mechanization, however, the mobility advantage once enjoyed by the horse cavalry disappeared. Since the early 20th century, the search for the proper mix of equipment, the proper organization, and the proper employment of reconnaissance units has bedeviled armies around the world. This survey uses a diverse variety of historical cases to illustrate the enduring issues that surround the equipping, organizing, and employment of reconnaissance units. It seems that these specialized units are either too heavily or too lightly equipped and too narrowly specialized or too conventionally organized. Pre-war reconnaissance doctrines tend to undergo significant change once fighting begins, leading to post-conflict analysis that reconnaissance units were

“misused” in one way or another. McGrath ends his study with an intriguing conclusion about the role that specialized reconnaissance units should have in the future that may surprise many readers.

---

### **WANAT : COMBAT ACTION IN AFGHANISTAN, 2008 [ILLUSTRATED EDITION]**

---

Pickle Partners Publishing Includes 16 maps, photos and plans “The Battle of Wanat occurred on July 13, 2008, when about 200 Taliban guerrillas attacked NATO troops near the Quam,(large clan village), of Wanat in the Waygal district in Afghanistan’s far eastern province of Nuristan. The position was defended primarily by U.S. Army soldiers of the 2nd Platoon, Chosen Company, 2nd Battalion, 503rd Infantry Regiment (Airborne), 173rd Airborne Brigade Combat Team. “The Taliban surrounded the remote base and its observation post and attacked it from the Quam and the surrounding farmland. They destroyed much of the Americans’ heavy munitions, broke through U.S. lines, and entered the main base before being repelled by artillery and aircraft. American casualties included nine killed and 27 wounded, while four Afghan National Army (ANA) soldiers were wounded. The U.S. combat deaths represent the most in a single battle since the start of U.S. operations in 2001. “The Battle of Wanat has been described as the "Black Hawk Down" of the War in Afghanistan, as one of the bloodiest attacks of the war and one of several attacks on remote outposts. In contrast to previous roadside bombs and haphazard attacks and ambushes, this attack was well coordinated with fighters from many insurgent and terrorist groups with an effort that was disciplined and sustained which was able to target key assets such as the TOW launcher with precision. “The battle became the focus of widespread debate, generating "a great deal of interest and scrutiny among military professionals and from outside observers." mainly due to the relatively "significant number of coalition casualties".

---

### **HOW INSURGENCIES END**

---

Rand Corporation RAND studied 89 modern insurgency cases to test conventional understanding about how insurgencies end. Findings relevant to policymakers and analysts include that modern insurgencies last about ten years; withdrawal of state support cripples insurgencies; civil defense forces are useful for both sides; pseudodemocracies fare poorly against insurgents; and governments win more often in the long run.

---

### **DEFENCE DIPLOMACY IN THE LONG WAR**

---

BRILL Defence diplomacy enhances the diplomatic and security capacity of a state, providing the only link between

executive office and the ministries of foreign affairs and defence, three vital institutions in the Long War. Using a case study of US defence diplomacy in Afghanistan from 2001-2014, the paper argues simply that the practice of defence diplomacy far outweighs current theories on what it is, how it works and why it matters?

---

## **ON POINT II : TRANSITION TO THE NEW CAMPAIGN: THE UNITED STATES ARMY IN OPERATION IRAQI FREEDOM, MAY 2003-JANUARY 2005**

---

Government Printing Office

---

## **BETWEEN THE RIVERS: COMBAT ACTION IN IRAQ, 2003-2005 [ILLUSTRATED EDITION]**

---

Pickle Partners Publishing Includes nine maps and one photo illustration Following World War II, the War Department Historical Division in 1946 published Small Unit Actions, the study of some discrete battles drawn from three different theaters of war...Nearly 20 years later, toward the end of American combat in Vietnam, the Office of the Chief of Military History again essayed to address small-unit actions with the publication of Seven Firefights in Vietnam. The present volume lies directly within the tradition of these predecessor works on small-unit actions. Since the fall of 2001, the U.S. Army, along with the other American armed services, has been engaged in military actions in Iraq and Afghanistan. Because the current conflict has so many different fronts and facets, no handful of small-unit case studies could do justice to such a complex tapestry of events. This book thus represents a volume that showcases the American soldier in combat operations within the context of the Global War on Terrorism/The Long War. This series of five case studies is drawn from events in Iraq. Four of the studies discuss combat operations within a counterinsurgency framework at the company and battalion levels. The final case study presents a deployment dilemma facing a brigade-level task force commander when he was asked to replace a whole division in the same geographical space. In each case, the story is derived from oral interviews and key documents and is fully annotated. The primary purpose for presenting these vignettes is to provide a vicarious education in what future participants will face as the War on Terrorism continues and beyond.

---

## **BOOTS ON THE GROUND**

---

## **TROOP DENSITY IN CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS**

---

U.S. Government Printing Office **NOTE: NO FURTHER DISCOUNT FOR THIS PRODUCT. Significantly reduced price- Overstock List Price. Global War on Terrorism Occasional Paper 16. Provides a concise historical study of the numbers of troops needed in contingency operations. Discusses past military operations, including the Philippines, 1899-1901, post-World War II Germany and Japan, the Malayan Emergency, 1948-1960, the Balkans in the 1990s, and Iraq, 2003-2005. Also discusses troop density of several United States city police departments. Related products: On Point II: Transition to the New Campaign: The United States Army in Operation Iraqi Freedom, May 2003-January 2005 is available here: <https://bookstore.gpo.gov/products/sku/008-000-00989-9> Global War on Terror resources collection can be found here: <https://bookstore.gpo.gov/catalog/us-military-history/battles-wars/global-war-terror> Other products produced by the U.S. Army, Combat Studies Institute can be found here: <https://bookstore.gpo.gov/agency/1063>"**

## **INTEGRATION OF THE ARMED FORCES, 1940-1965**

---

Government Printing Office **CMH Pub 50-1-1. Defense Studies Series. Discusses the evolution of the services' racial policies and practices between World War II and 1965 during the period when black servicemen and women were integrated into the Nation's military units.**

## **COUNTERINSURGENCY IN IRAQ (2003-2006)**

---

Rand Corporation **Examines the deleterious effects of the U.S. failure to focus on protecting the Iraqi population for most of the military campaign in Iraq and analyzes the failure of a technologically driven counterinsurgency (COIN) approach. It outlines strategic considerations relative to COIN; presents an overview of the conflict in Iraq; describes implications for future operations; and offers recommendations to improve the U.S. capability to conduct COIN.**

## **THE NATIONAL GUARD AND THE WAR ON TERROR: OPERATION IRAQI FREEDOM**

---

Government Printing Office **"The National Guard and the War on Terror : the attacks of 9/11 and homeland security is the first volume in a series that records the National Guard's participation in America's first war of the twenty-first century. Subsequent volumes will cover National Guard transformation and Operations Enduring Freedom and Iraqi Freedom. This first installment recounts the heroic deeds and dedicated performance of Guard men and women in defending the American homeland from the tragic events of September 11, 2001, through the historic response to Hurricane Katrina.**

A final, third volume will provide a battle history of the National Guard's role in Operation Iraqi Freedom. In recognition of the dramatic shift toward joint operations in modern warfare, The National Guard and the War on Terror is a joint series that covers both the Army and the Air National Guard"--V. 2. p. iii.

---

## **A DIFFERENT KIND OF WAR: THE UNITED STATES ARMY IN OPERATION ENDURING FREEDOM, OCTOBER 2001 - SEPTEMBER 2005**

---

Government Printing Office

---

## **MILITARY DOCTRINE**

---

---

## **A REFERENCE HANDBOOK**

---

ABC-CLIO This comprehensive volume provides a thorough overview of 20th- and 21st-century military doctrines worldwide.

---

## **THE EMPIRE TRAP**

---

---

## **THE RISE AND FALL OF U.S. INTERVENTION TO PROTECT AMERICAN PROPERTY OVERSEAS, 1893-2013**

---

Princeton University Press Throughout the twentieth century, the U.S. government willingly deployed power, hard and soft, to protect American investments all around the globe. Why did the United States get into the business of defending its citizens' property rights abroad? The Empire Trap looks at how modern U.S. involvement in the empire business began, how American foreign policy became increasingly tied to the sway of private financial interests, and how postwar administrations finally extricated the United States from economic interventionism, even though the government had the will and power to continue. Noel Maurer examines the ways that American investors initially influenced their government to intercede to protect investments in locations such as Central America and the Caribbean. Costs were small--at least at the outset--but with each incremental step, American policy became increasingly entangled with the goals of those they were backing, making disengagement more difficult. Maurer discusses how, all the way through the 1970s, the United States not only failed to resist pressure to defend American investments, but also remained unsuccessful at altering internal institutions of other countries in order to make property rights secure in the absence of active American involvement. Foreign nations expropriated American

investments, but in almost every case the U.S. government's employment of economic sanctions or covert action obtained market value or more in compensation--despite the growing strategic risks. The advent of institutions focusing on international arbitration finally gave the executive branch a credible political excuse not to act. Maurer cautions that these institutions are now under strain and that a collapse might open the empire trap once more. With shrewd and timely analysis, this book considers American patterns of foreign intervention and the nation's changing role as an imperial power.

---

## **ON POINT**

---

### **THE UNITED STATES ARMY IN OPERATION IRAQI FREEDOM**

---

[CreateSpace](#) **On Point** is a study of Operation IRAQI FREEDOM (OIF) as soon after the fact as feasible. The Army leadership chartered this effort in a message to the major commands on 30 April 2003. In his guidance, Army Chief of Staff General Eric K. Shinseki directed "a quick, thorough review that looks at the US Army's performance, assesses the role it played in the joint and coalition team, and captures the strategic, operational, and tactical lessons that should be disseminated and applied in future fights." For those of us in the Operation IRAQI FREEDOM Study Group (OIF-SG), this translated into three separate products. A "quick look" lessons-learned briefing produced in July, less than 30 days after returning from the theater. **On Point**-this work-is the second product and was largely completed by mid-August 2003. Finally, the most significant product is the archive of 119,000 documents, some 2,300 interviews and 69,000 photos archived with the support and assistance of the Combined Arms Research Library at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.

---

## **MILITARY REVIEW**

---

### **MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR PARTS CONSUMPTION GUIDE FOR CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS TROOP SUPPORT**

---

### **GENERATOR, 60 KW 400HZ**

---

### **AFGHANISTAN, PAKISTAN AND STRATEGIC CHANGE**

---

### **ADJUSTING WESTERN REGIONAL POLICY**

---

[Routledge](#) **The region encompassing Afghanistan and Pakistan (Af/Pak region) is undergoing a fundamental strategic**

change. This book analyses the nature of this strategic change, in order to seek possible future scenarios and to examine policy options. It also undertakes a critical review of the basic elements of the Western strategic approach towards dealing with regional conflicts in all parts of the world, with special emphasis on the Af/Pak region. Dealing with the political developments in one of the most volatile regions in the world - Afghanistan and Pakistan - the volume focuses on Western strategic concerns. The withdrawal of ISAF by 2014 will change the overall political setting and the work addresses the challenges that will result for Western policymakers thereafter. It examines the cases of Afghanistan and Pakistan separately, and also looks at the broader region and tries to identify different outcomes. This book will be of much interest to students of Central and South Asian politics, strategic studies, foreign policy and security studies generally.

---

### **COMBINED ARMS CENTER (CAC) RESEARCH AND PUBLICATION INDEX**

---

Index to selected publications of the Combined Arms Center.

---

### **PROFESSIONAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES ARMY**

---

---

### **REPORT ON THE ASSESSMENT OF U.S. AND COALITION PLANS TO TRAIN, EQUIP, AND FIELD THE AFGHAN NATIONAL SECURITY FORCES**

---

DIANE Publishing

---

### **GREAT POWERS**

---

---

### **AMERICA AND THE WORLD AFTER BUSH**

---

Penguin Presents an analysis of the post-Bush world, discussing America's revised leadership role in the realignment of the global community, while evaluating its potential contributions in such areas as economics, technology, and the environment.

---

### **QUALITY PEACE**

---

---

## **PEACEBUILDING, VICTORY, AND WORLD ORDER**

---

OUP Us In **Quality Peace**, leading peace researcher Peter Wallensteen offers a broad analysis of peacebuilding, isolating what does and not work when settling conflicts. The book uses statistical analysis to compare two war outcomes- negotiated settlement and victory- in the post-Cold War era. Wallensteen finds that if peace is to last, three conditions must be met: a losing party must retain its dignity; security and the rule of law must be ensured for all; and the time horizon for the settlement must be long enough to ensure a sense of normalcy. Wallensteen breaks down the components of all of these conditions and applies them to interstate conflicts, civil wars in which rebels are aiming to take over the entire state, and separatist rebellions. He also delves into the issue of world order and the significance of major power relations for local peace efforts. Thus, the work provides a remarkable understanding of how different types of war outcomes deal with post-war conditions. Sharply argued and comprehensive, **Quality Peace** will invigorate peace research and stimulate peace practice, becoming an authoritative work in the field.

---

## **THE FUTURE OF COUNTERINSURGENCY: CONTEMPORARY DEBATES IN INTERNAL SECURITY STRATEGY**

---



---

### **CONTEMPORARY DEBATES IN INTERNAL SECURITY STRATEGY**

---

ABC-CLIO This thought-provoking work analyzes the major debates surrounding counterinsurgency campaigns and uncovers the internal security problems derailing effective strategies for restoring stability. • Examines the key factors that determine the use of "hard" versus "soft" operations • Features assessments on how to measure counterinsurgency and internal security effectiveness • Describes the major controversies surrounding counterinsurgency strategies and associated operations • Analyzes the elements impacting successful internal security operations

---

## **OUTSOURCING THE GLOBAL WAR ON TERRORISM**

---



---

### **PRIVATE MILITARY COMPANIES AND AMERICAN INTERVENTION IN IRAQ AND AFGHANISTAN**

---

Springer The US military strategy in Iraq and Afghanistan made use of private military and private security companies on an unprecedented scale. In this environment, actions and operations can greatly affect the efficacy of the US military - creating unintended diplomatic and tactical consequences.

---

## **WAR IN THE MODERN WORLD, 1990-2014**

---

Routledge In *War in the Modern World, 1990-2014*, Jeremy Black looks at the most modern of conflicts from the perspective that war is a central feature of the modern world. Arguing that understanding non-Western developments is crucial if the potential of Western war-making is to be assessed accurately, the book also asserts that knowing the history of conflict can only help future generations. Black argues for the need to emphasise the variety of military circumstances, as well as the extent to which the understanding of force and the definitions of victory and defeat are guided by cultural assumptions. War has a multi-faceted impact in the modern world, and this book shows its significance. As the latest volume in the Warfare and History series, this title takes a global and historical perspective on modern warfare, enabling the reader to approach familiar conflicts through a new analytical framework. This book is an invaluable resource for all students of the history of modern warfare.

---

## **THE FIGHTING 69TH**

---

---

### **ONE REMARKABLE NATIONAL GUARD UNIT'S JOURNEY FROM GROUND ZERO TO BAGHDAD**

---

Penguin Presents a dramatic comparison of the Fighting 69th Infantry before and after the September 11, 2001 attacks, describing how a unit of largely untrained and unequipped immigrants became a battle-hardened troop in one of Baghdad's most dangerous regions.

---

## **WINGED WARRIORS**

---

---

### **THE HISTORY OF ARMY NATIONAL GUARD AVIATION, 1948-2008**

---

---

### **ADVANCED METHODOLOGIES AND TECHNOLOGIES IN GOVERNMENT AND SOCIETY**

---

IGI Global Governments must continuously update policies, laws, and legislation as the world continues to rapidly evolve due to technologies and changing cultural perspectives. To streamline policy creation and implementation, governments seek new and efficient methods to ensure their citizens' and communities' safety while also encouraging citizen participation. *Advanced Methodologies and Technologies in Government and Society* provides research on emerging methodologies in effective governing including sections on public sector management and socioeconomic

development. While highlighting the challenges facing government officials and law enforcement such as crisis response and natural disaster management, this book shows how technology use can make those areas of government more efficient and improve preventative measures. This book is an ideal resource for law enforcement, government officials and agencies, policymakers, public servants, citizen activists, researchers, and political leaders seeking cutting-edge information to strengthen their government's relationship with society and their constituents while also strengthening their policy measures through new technology and methods.

---

### **U.S. ARMY COUNTERINSURGENCY HANDBOOK**

---

Simon and Schuster **Anyone with an interest in what our troops are doing overseas will find this government manual an excellent source of information. It gives a detailed breakdown of what an insurgency is, how one starts and builds, and what our forces must do to overcome it. Find out the key roles often taken by insurgents; how to carry out intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance missions; and what ethical questions arise in handling these types of situations. Historical examples and anecdotes of both successes and failures provide an overall perspective. Dozens of illustrations and charts break down the information for civilians, and appendices cover legal issues, translation difficulties, airpower, and more. Skyhorse Publishing is proud to publish a range of books for readers interested in military tactics and skills. We publish content provided by or of interest to the U.S. Army, Army Rangers, the U.S. Navy, Navy SEALs, the U.S. Air Force, the U.S. Marine Corps, and the Department of Defense. Our books cover topics such as survival, emergency medicine, weapons, guns, weapons systems, hand-to-hand combat, and more. While not every title we publish becomes a New York Times bestseller or a national bestseller, we are committed to publishing books on subjects that are sometimes overlooked by other publishers and to authors whose work might not otherwise find a home.**

---

### **PEACE AND CONFLICT 2017**

---

Routledge **An authoritative source of information on violent conflicts and peacebuilding processes around the world, Peace and Conflict is an annual publication of the University of Maryland's Center for International Development and Conflict Management and the Graduate Institute of International and Development Studies (Geneva). The contents of the 2017 edition are divided into three sections: » Global Patterns and Trends provides an overview of recent advances in scholarly research on various aspects of conflict and peace, as well as chapters on armed conflict, violence against**

civilians, characteristics of rebel and state forces, sexual violence, democracy and civil war, terrorism, human rights conditions, and the results of the updated Peace & Conflict Instability Ledger, which ranks the status and progress of more than 160 countries based on their forecasted risk of future instability (adverse regime change, internal war, state mass killing, non-state mass killing). » Special Feature spotlights work on the relationship between refugees and the diffusion of armed conflict. » Profiles surveys developments in instances of civil wars, peacekeeping missions, and international criminal justice proceedings that were active around the world during 2015. Frequent visualizations of data in full-color, large-format tables, graphs, and maps bring the analysis to life and amplify crucial developments in real-world events and the latest findings in research. The contributors include many leading scholars in the field from the US and Europe.

---

## **AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY AND POSTWAR RECONSTRUCTION**

---

### **COMPARING JAPAN AND IRAQ**

---

Routledge This book provides a detailed comparison of the reconstruction of Japan from 1945 to 1952 with the current reconstruction of Iraq.

---

### **A MASTERPIECE OF COUNTERGUERRILLA WARFARE: BG J. FRANKLIN BELL IN THE PHILIPPINES, 1901-1902**

---

Government Printing Office

---

### **EYES BEHIND THE LINES: US ARMY LONG-RANGE RECONNAISSANCE AND SURVEILLANCE UNITS**

---

DIANE Publishing **Eyes Behind the Lines: US Army Long-Range Reconnaissance and Surveillance Units** is the 10th study in the **Combat Studies Institute (CSI) Global War on Terrorism (GWOT) Occasional Paper** series. This work is an outgrowth of concerns identified by the authors of **On Point: The United States Army in Operation IRAQI FREEDOM**. Specifically, these authors called into question the use of long-range surveillance (LRS) assets by commanders during that campaign and suggested an assessment ought to be made about their continuing utility and means of employment. This revision contains some important additional information the author received after this book was originally published Major (Retired) James Gebhardt, of CSI, researched and wrote this Occasional Paper with that end in view. In this study, Gebhardt surveys the US Army's historical experience with LRRP and LRS units from the 1960s Cold War

**and Vietnam War, through their resurgence in the 1980s and use in Operations JUST CAUSE and DESERT STORM, to the advent of the GWOT. The paper's analytical framework examines each era of LRS units in terms of doctrine, organization, training, materiel, leadership, and personnel. In doing so, the author makes a strong case for continuing the LRS capability in the Army's force structure. The variety of environments and enemies likely to be faced by the military in the GWOT continues to demand the unique human intelligence abilities of trained and organized LRS units. As the Army leads the Armed Forces of the United States in combating terrorists where they live, the lessons found in this survey remain timely and relevant.**